

Operating manual Conductivity measuring device

GMH 3431



(6

- Please carefully read these instructions before use!
- Please consider the safety instructions!
- Please keep for future reference!



WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE 93889386





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1 General Note

Read this document carefully and get used to the operation of the device before you use it. Keep this document within easy reach near the device for consulting in case of doubt.

Mounting, start-up, operating, maintenance and removing from operation must be done by qualified, specially trained staff that have carefully read and understood this manual before starting any work.

The manufacturer will assume no liability or warranty in case of usage for other purpose than the intended one, ignoring this manual, operating by unqualified staff as well as unauthorized modifications to the device. The manufacturer is not liable for any costs or damages incurred at the user or third parties because of the usage or application of this device, in particular in case of improper use of the device, misuse or malfunction of the connection or of the device.

The manufacturer is not liable for misprints.

2 Safety

2.1 Intended Use

The device is designed for measuring conductivity, resistivity, salinity and TDS – using a permanently connected electrode (measuring cell).

Generally a suitable temperature sensor is included to the electrode. The measured temperature is used for the automatic temperature compensation (e.g. Lin or nIF) and is additionally displayed.

The safety requirements (see below) have to be observed.

The device must be used only according to its intended purpose and under suitable conditions. Use the device carefully and according to its technical data (do not throw it, strike it, etc.) Protect the device from dirt.

2.2 Safety signs and symbols

Warnings are labeled in this document with the followings signs:



Caution! This symbol warns of imminent danger, death, serious injuries and significant damage to property at non-observance.



Attention! This symbol warns of possible dangers or dangerous situations which can provoke damage to the device or environment at non-observance.

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Note! This symbol point out processes which can indirectly influence operation or provoke unforeseen reactions at non-observance.

2.3 Safety guidelines

This device has been designed and tested in accordance with the safety regulations for electronic devices. However, its trouble-free operation and reliability cannot be guaranteed unless the standard safety measures and special safety advises given in this manual will be adhered to when using the device.

 Trouble-free operation and reliability of the device can only be guaranteed if the device is not subjected to any other climatic conditions than those stated under "Specification".
 If the device is transported from a cold to a warm environment condensation may cause in a failure of the function. In such a case make sure the device temperature has adjusted to the ambient temperature before trying a new start-up. 2.



If there is a risk whatsoever involved in running it, the device has to be switched off immediately and to be marked accordingly to avoid re-starting.

Operator safety may be a risk if:

- there is visible damage to the device
- the device is not working as specified
- the device has been stored under unsuitable conditions for a longer time.
- In case of doubt, please return device to manufacturer for repair or maintenance.
- 3. When connecting the device to other devices the connection has to be designed most thoroughly as internal connections in third-party devices (e.g. connection GND with protective earth) may lead to undesired voltage potentials that can lead to malfunctions or destroying of the GMH 5155 and the connected devices.



This device must not be run with a defective or damaged power supply unit. Danger to life due to electrical shock!



4.

Do not use these products as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury or material damage. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury and material damage.



This device must not be used at potentially explosive areas! The usage of this device at potentially explosive areas increases danger of deflagration, explosion or fire due to sparking.

3 Product Specification

3.1 Lieferumfang

The scope of supply includes:

- GMH 3431, incl. 9V-battery
- Operating manual

3.2 Operation and maintenance advice

1. Battery operation:

If \triangle and 'bAt' is shown in the lower display the battery has been used up and needs to be replaced. However, the device will operate correctly for a certain time. If 'bAt' is shown in the upper display the voltage is too low to operate the device; the battery has been completely used up.



The battery has to be taken out, when storing device above 50°C. We recommend taking out battery if device is not used for a longer period of time.

After recommissioning the real-time clock has to be set again.

2. Mains operation with power supply:



When using a power supply please note that operating voltage has to be 10.5 to 12 V DC. Do not apply overvoltage!! Cheap 12V-power supplies often have excessive no-load voltage. We, therefore, recommend using regulated voltage power supplies.

Trouble-free operation is guaranteed by our power supply GNG10/3000. Prior to connecting the power supply to the mains make sure that the operating voltage stated at the power supply is identical to the mains voltage.

3. Treat device and sensor carefully. Use only in accordance with above specification. (do not throw, hit against etc.). Protect plug and socket from soiling.

4 Handling

4.1 Display elements

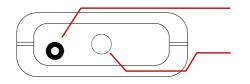


1	Main display:	conductivity (mS/cm, μS/cm) resistivity (kΩcm) TDS / total dissolved solids (mg/l) salinity (SAL)
2	Secondary disp	lay: measuring value temperature
3	Arrows to selecte	d measuring unit
4	Warning signal:	indicates low battery or missing calibration
5	Display elements memorized meas	to show minimum / maximum / suring value
6	nLF, Lin:	display element for selected temperature compensation
7	%/K, 1/cm:	additional configuration units

4.2 Pushbuttons

		On / Off key press shortly: switch on/off instrument
	Set Menu 4	Set / Menu: press shortly: change-over between measuring units (only if "InP: SEt" is selected) press for 2 sec. (menu): invoke configuration menu
ON 1OFF▲ 2maxCAL 3Set Menu 4min 5Store Quit 6	₂max + min ₅♥	min/max when taking measurements:press shortly:min. or max. value is displayedpress for 2 sec:the corresponding value is deletedConfiguration:to enter values or change settings
	CAL 3	CAL: only at mode 'cond'=conductivity: press for 2 sec: start cell correction adjustment
	Store Quit 6	Store/Quit: Measurement: hold and save current measuring value ('HLD' is displayed) Set/Menu: confirm settings, return to measuring

4.3 Connections



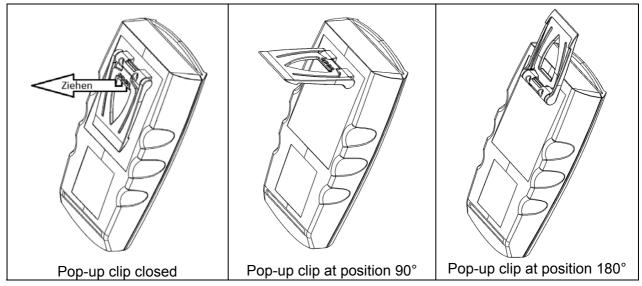
Universal output: interface (see chapter 8 "Universal output")

Permanently connected measuring cell with integrated temperature probe

4.4 Pop-up clip

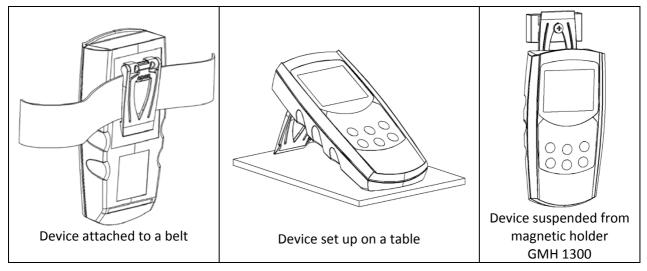
Handling:

- Pull at label "open" in order to swing open the pop-up clip.
- Pull at label "open" again to swing open the pop-up clip further.



Function:

- The device with a closed pop-up clip can be plainly laid onto a table or attached to a belt, etc.
- The device with pop-up clip at position 90° can be set up on a table, etc.
- The device with pop-up clip at position 180° can be suspended from a screw or the magnetic holder GMH 1300.



5 Start Operation

Turn device on via



After segment test the device displays some information on its configuration:

- 552 if cell correction scale was changed (cell correction scale unequal 1.000) (see chapter 10 Automatic adjustment/calibration of cell correction)
- if zero point or slope correction is active (see chapter 9 Adjustment of temperature input)

After that the device is ready for measuring.

Principles of the measurements 6

6.1 Basics about conductivity

Definition of conductivity γ : The ability of a material to conduct electric current: $\gamma = \frac{1}{R_{PA}}$

1: length of the material

diameter A:

R: measured resistance

Unit $[\gamma] = \frac{\text{Siemens}}{\text{meter}} = \frac{\text{S}}{\text{m}}$, common for liquids: $\frac{\text{mS}}{\text{cm}}$ and $\frac{\mu\text{S}}{\text{cm}}$ The conductivity is the reciprocal value of the resistivity.

(The conductance is the reciprocal value of the measured resistance R)

6.2 Conductivity measurement

The conductivity measurement is a rather uncomplicated measurement. The standard electrodes are stable for a long time if used correctly and can be adjusted by an integrated Cal-function.

Measuring ranges: 0,0 - 200,0 μS/cm 0 - 2000 μS/cm 0,00 - 20,0 mS/cm 0,0 - 200,0 mS/cm

If the range selection is set to "Auto Range", the range with the best resolution is automatically selected. However, interface operation requires a manual/fixed selection of the measuring range from the table above (No interface operation with Auto-range!).

6.3 Resistivity measurement

The resistivity is the reciprocal value of the conductivity and the device displays it in kOhm•cm.

Measuring ranges: 0,000 - 2,000 kOhm*cm 0,00 - 20,00 kOhm*cm 0,0 - 100,0 kOhm*cm

If the range selection is set to "Auto Range", the range with the best resolution is automatically selected. However, interface operation requires a manual/fixed selection of the measuring range from the table above (No interface operation with Auto-range!).

6.4 TDS measurement

At the TDS (total dissolved solids) measurement the filtrate dry residue is determined by means of the conductivity and a conversion factor (C.tdS). Well suited for easy concentration measurements of e.g. salt solutions. The determined value is displayed in mg/l.

Measuring ranges: 0,0 - 200,0 mg/l 0 – 2000 mg/l

Displayed value TDS = conductivity [in µs/cm, nLF-temp. comp. at 25°C] • C.tdS (input at menu)

Approximately:

C.tdS	
0.50	Monovalent salts with 2 ion types (NaCl, KCl, etc.)
0.50	Natural waters / surface waters, drinking water
0.65 - 0,70	e.g. salt concentration of aqueous fertilizer solutions

Attention: This are only approximate values – good for estimations, but no precise measurement. For precise measurements the conversion value has to be determined for the corresponding solution for the relevant concentration range.

This may be done by comparison with known reference solutions or by actually evaporating a certain amount of solution with determined conductivity and subsequent weighing of the dry residue.

6.5 Salinity measurement

At the salinity measurement "SAL" the salinity (salt content) of seawater is determined (based on: International Oceanographic Tables; IOT). Standard seawater has a salinity of 35 ‰ (35 g salt per 1 kg seawater).

Commonly the measured value is displayed dimensionless in % (g/kg).

Additionally the term "PSU" (Practical Salinity Unit) is sometimes used, the displayed value is the same. The salinity measurement has its "own" temperature compensation, i.e. the temperature is automatically taken into account for the salinity measurement. The menu settings regarding the temperature compensation are ignored.



Attention: The salt composition of the different seas is not the identical. Depending on place, weather, tides, etc. there may be considerable divergences to the 35 ‰ according to IOT. Additionally the salt composition may influence the ratio between salinity and actual salt content.

6.6 Electrodes / measuring cells

6.6.1 Design

Basically there are two types of measuring cells: 2-pole and 4-pole cells. The operation is done similarly; the 4-pole measuring cells can compensate polarization effects and – up to some degree – soiling due to its complex measuring method.



2-pole measuring cell

4-pole measuring cell

6.7 Temperature compensation

The conductivity of aqueous solutions depends on its temperature. The temperature dependency is strongly dependent on the type of solution. The temperature compensation recalculates solutions' conductivity to a consistent reference temperature. The most common reference temperature is 25 °C.

6.7.1 Temperature compensation "nLF" according to EN 27888

For most applications (e.g. in the area of fish farming, surface or drinking water measurements, etc.) the nonlinear temperature compensation for natural water ("nLF", according to EN 27888) is sufficiently accurate. The common reference temperature is 25 °C.

Recommended application range of nLF-compensation: between 60 $\mu S/cm$ and 1000 $\mu S/cm.$

6.7.2 Linear temperature compensation and determination of temperature coefficient "t.Lin"

If the actual function needed for exact temperature compensation is not known, "linear temperature compensation" is normally selected (Menu, t.Cor = Lin, t.Lin corresponds TK_{lin}), i.e. one assumes that the actual temperature dependency at the considered concentration range is approximately equal:

$$LF_{Tref} = \frac{LF_{Tx}}{1 + \frac{TK_{lin}}{100\%} \bullet (Tx - Tref)}$$

Temperature coefficient of about 2.0 %/K are most common.

A temperature coefficient can be determined for example by measuring a solution with deactivated temperature compensation at two different temperatures (T1 and T2).

$$TK_{lin} = \frac{(LF_{T1} - LF_{T2}) \cdot 100\%}{(T1 - T2) \cdot LF_{T1}}$$

 $\mathsf{TK}_{\mathsf{lin}}$ is the value input at the menu "t.Lin".

LF_{T1} conductivity at temperature T1

 LF_{T2} conductivity at temperature T2

7 Configuration



Some menu points depend on current device settings.

Set
To change device's settings, press "Menu" ^{Menu} for 2 seconds. This will activate the configuration menu
(main display: "SEt"). Pressing "Menu" changes between the menus points, pressing " Persing jumps to
(main display: SEt). Pressing "Menu" Changes between the menus points, pressing — — Jumps to
CAL
the referring parameters, which can be selected with key 📰 .
in in Set
The parameter value can be changed with 📰 or 🛒 . Pressing "Menu" 👫 again jumps back to the main
Store Out finishes the setting D is O if Out finishes the setting

configuration menu and saves the settings. Pressing "Quit" ^{Quit} finishes the configuration.



Pressing "menu" and "store" at the same time for more than 2 seconds will reset the device to factory defaults.

If no key is pressed for more than 2 minutes the configuration will be aborted. All changes will be discarded!

Menu	Parameter	Value	Description		
Set Menu	CAL ₃►	₂ ^{max} Or ₅			
5.5.	Set Config	guration: Gene	eral configuration		
SEE			on of measured variable		
EanF		Cond	Conductivity		
	1 0	rESi	Resistivity		
	ו הר	tdS	Total dissolved solids		
		SAL	Salinity		
		SEt	Change-over measured variables by Set-key		
	FLJE	TDS measure	nent: conversion factor (only if Inp = tdS)		
	[.265	0.40 - 1.00	Conversion factor for TDS measurement		
	/EELL\		ustment of cell correction: multiplication factor		
		0.800 -	Multiplication factor of cell correction		
	lorr	1.200	Factory setting: 1.000		
		Range: Select	ion of display range (conductivity, resistivity or tdS)		
		Auto	Automatic range selection		
	rßnb	200.0 µS/cm	Lowest selectable range (conductivity)		
	1_1110				
		400 mS/cm	Highest selectable range (conductivity)		
	C 01	Automatic adj	ustment/calibration with reference solution (only if Inp = Cond)		
	ERE	Edit	Manual adjustment to reference value		
	L 11 L	REF.S	Choice of standard reference solutions		
		REF.S: Choice	of standard reference solutions for automatic adjustment/cal.		
		1413 µS/cm	Reference solution 0.01 M KCL		
	r E F.S	2760 µS/cm	0.02 M KCL		
			0.1 M KCL		
		50 mS/cm	Sea-water reference solution KCL		
		111.8 mS/cm	1 M KCL		
	Unrt		on of temperature unit		
		°C	All temperature values in degree Celsius		
	F	°F	All temperature values in degree Fahrenheit		
			compensation (not for InP = SAL)		
	1 5	oFF	No temperature compensation of conductivity measurement		
	Ł.Cor	nLF	Non-linear function for natural waters according to EN 27888		
			(ISO 7888), ground, surface and drinking water		
		Lin	Linear temperature compensation		
	ELI n		n coefficient (only if t.Cor = Lin)	_	
		0.300 3.000	Temperature compensation coefficient in %/K		

Set JAC Image of Mark SEL L, L	
SEE 25 °C / 77 °F Reference temperature 25 °C / 77 °F 20 °C / 68 °F Reference temperature 20 °C / 68 °F Adjustment/Calibration: Adjustment reminder period (factory setting: oFF) 1730 Adjustment reminder period (in days) 0 °F No adjustment reminder Auto Hold: Automatic measuring value identification 0 °F Standard hold function on keypress Auto Power-Off : Selection of power-off delay P.OFF Auto Power-Off elay in minutes. Device will be automatically switched off as soon as this time has elapsed if no key is pressed/no interface communication takes place. oFF Output: Configuration of universal output Output OFF Output OFF Output OFF Base address for serial interface communication	
Adjustment/Calibration: Adjustment reminder period (factory setting: oFF) 1730 Adjustment reminder period (in days) 0FF No adjustment reminder Muko Auto Hold: Automatic measuring value identification 0 0FF Standard hold function on keypress Auto Power-Off : Selection of power-off delay 1120 Power-off delay in minutes. Device will be automatically switched off as soon as this time has elapsed if no key is pressed/no interface communication takes place. oFF Automatic power-off function deactivated (continuous operation) Set Output: Configuration of universal output oFF Output off -> minimal power consumption Ser: Serial interface activated Rder. 01,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
Adjustment/Calibration: Adjustment reminder period (factory setting: oFF) 1730 Adjustment reminder period (in days) 0FF No adjustment reminder Muko Auto Hold: Automatic measuring value identification 0 0FF Standard hold function on keypress Auto Power-Off : Selection of power-off delay 1120 Power-off delay in minutes. Device will be automatically switched off as soon as this time has elapsed if no key is pressed/no interface communication takes place. oFF Automatic power-off function deactivated (continuous operation) Set Output: Configuration of universal output oFF Output off -> minimal power consumption Ser: Serial interface activated Rder. 01,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
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Image: Set Output: OFF Into adjustment reminder Image: Set Output: Auto Hold: Automatic measuring value identification Image: Set Output: OFF Standard hold function on keypress Image: Set Output: Configuration of universal output Image: Set Output: Configuration of universal output Image: Set Output: OFF OFF Output off -> minimal power consumption Set Output: Ser: Set Output: Serial interface activated Image: Off Set Output: Off Output off -> minimal power consumption Set Output: Off Output off -> minimal power consumption Image: Set Output: Off Output off -> minimal power consumption	
Image: Set Output: OFF Into adjustment reminder Image: Set Output: Auto Hold: Automatic measuring value identification Image: Set Output: OFF Standard hold function on keypress Image: Set Output: Configuration of universal output Image: Set Output: Configuration of universal output Image: Set Output: OFF OFF Output off -> minimal power consumption Set Output: Ser: Set Output: Serial interface activated Image: Off Set Output: Off Output off -> minimal power consumption Set Output: Off Output off -> minimal power consumption Image: Set Output: Off Output off -> minimal power consumption	
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SEt Output: Configuration of universal output OFF Automatic power-off function deactivated (continuous operation) Set Output: Configuration of universal output OFF Output off -> minimal power consumption SET: Serial interface activated OI,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
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Set Output: Configuration of universal output OFF Output off -> minimal power consumption OUL Ser: Serial interface activated Off. 01,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
SEE oFF Output off -> minimal power consumption SEr: Serial interface activated Odr. 01,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
Rdr. 01,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
Rdr. 01,1191 Base address for serial interface communication	
nor.	
Set Corr: Measurement correction	
Zero point adjustment / offset of temperature measurement	
Corr OFF No zero point adjustment for temperature measurement	
-5.0 5.0°C Offset of temperature measurement in °C	
Slope adjustment of temperature measurement	
Stope adjustment of temperature measurement oFF No slope adjustment for temperature measurement 5.00 Slope acreation of temperature measurement in 19/1	
-3.00 5.00 Slope conection of temperature measurement in [%]	
Set Clock: Einstellen der Echtzeituhr	
SEL CLOC HH:MM Clock: set time hours:minutes	
UCD YYYY Year: set year	+
	\parallel
JALE TT.MM Date: set date day.month	
rEAd CAL: Read calibration data:	
see chapter 11.2 Calibration storage (rEAd CAL)	

8 Universal output

If none of both is needed, we suggest to switch the output off, because battery life then is extended.

8.1 Serial Interface

By means of the serial interface and a suitable electrically isolated interface adapter (USB 3100, USB 3100 N, GRS 3100 or GRS 3105) the device can be connected to a computer for data transfer. With the GRS 3105 up to 5 devices of the GMH3xxx- series can be connected to one interface (see also manual of GRS 3105). As a precondition the base addresses of all devices must not be identical, make sure to configure the base addresses accordingly (refer menu point "Adr." in chapter 1 "Configuration"). To avoid transmission errors, there are several security checks implemented e.g. CRC.

The following standard software packages are available:

- **GSOFT3050**: Operation and read out of logger function, data display in diagrams and tables
- **GMHKonfig**: Software for a comfortable editing of the device (e.g. Material selection...)
- EBS 20M / 60M: 20-/60-channel software to display the measuring values

In case you want to develop your own software we offer a GMH3000-development package including:

- a universally applicable Windows functions library ('GMH3000.DLL') with documentation that can be used by the most programming languages. Suitable for Windows XP™, Windows Vista™, Windows 7™
- Programming examples Visual Basic 4.0[™], Delphi 1.0[™], Testpoint[™]

The device has 3 channels:

Channel 1: current measuring value Cond, rES, TDS oder SAL (base address) Channel 2: temperature value



The measuring- and display range values read back from the interface are always in the selected measurement unit!

Adjustment of temperature input 9

The temperature input can be adjusted with offset and scale. A reasonable adjustment presumes reliable references (e.g. ice water, controlled precision water bath, etc.).

If the inputs are adjusted (i.e. offset and scale are different from default settings) the device will shortly display "Corr" after turned on.

Default setting for offset and scale are 'off' = 0.0, i.e. inputs are not changed.

Zero point correction:

Displayed value = measured value – OFFS

Zero point and slope correction: Displayed value = (measured value – OFFS) * (1 + SCAL / 100) Displayed value °F = (meas. value °F - 32°F - OFFS) • (1 + SCAL / 100)

10 Automatic adjustment/calibration of cell correction

Besides the direct input of the cell correction (see below) via the menu ("CELL Corr") the cell correction can also be determined automatically:

	Manual adjustment or	Adjustment with reference solution
Menu selection:	"CAL Edit"	"CAL rEF.S"
	1	Menu selection of desired solution
		1413 µS/cm 0.01 M KCL
		2.76 mS/cm 0.02 M KCL
		12.88 mS/cm 0.1 M KCL
		50 mS/cm KCL
		111.8 mS/cm 1 M KCL
		Values for 25°C, the temperature
		dependency of those solutions are known
		by the device and are compensated
		automatically.
Press Cal-key for 2 s,	▼	★
start of calibration	"actual value" e.g. "1723 μS/cm"	"value of solution" e.g. "1413 μS/cm"
	and CAL with rotary symbol	and CAL with rotary symbol
	\downarrow	
Calibration	▼	★
	Select desired display value	wait until device measures stable value
	with buttons "up" and "down"	
	Store	
	and confirm with "enter" ^{Quit}	
	1	
	↓	*
Afterwards the device retu	urns to the normal measuring operation	on mode or – if so – displays an error

message. The resulting cell correction can be seen in the menu at "CELL Corr" and the calibration history.

Error messages of automatic adjustment/calibration:		
CAL Err.1	Cell correction too high	Determined cell correction must not exceed 1.2
CAL Err.2	Cell correction too small	Determined cell correction must not fall below 0.8
CAL Err.3	Solution of wrong range	Wrong solution / far beyond tolerance
CAL Err.4	Wrong temperature	Beyond permitted temperature: 0.0 – 34.0 °C (or 0.0 – 27.0 °C at 111.8 mS/cm)

Alternative to automatic adjustment:

Manual calculation of cell correction with a reference solution

Example KCI-solution c= 0.01 M: 1413 µS cm⁻¹ at 25°C

At other temperatures switch temperature compensation off (t.Cor = oFF) and use the referring conductivity!

Conductivity $_{displayed}$ = 1500 µS cm⁻¹ if selected cell correction is 1.000 cm⁻¹ (CELL Corr = 1.000)

Conductivity of solution at solution temperature 25 °C: Conductivity real = 1413 µS cm⁻¹

Cell correction c = conductivity _{real} / conductivity _{displayed} [cm⁻¹] = 1413 / 1970 * cm⁻¹ = **0.942 cm⁻¹** (Enter CELL Corr of 0.942)

11 GLP

GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) includes regular check of devices and accessories. For pH measurements it is highly important to ensure correct pH calibration. The device provides the following functions to help with this.

11.1 Calibration interval (C.Int)

You can input the interval after which the device reminds you to recalibrate.

The interval times should be chosen according to the application and the stability of the electrode. "CAL" flashes on the display as soon as the interval has expired.

11.2 Calibration storage (rEAd CAL)

The last 16 calibrations are stored with results and date and can be read out.

Display calibration data:

Historical calibration data can be comfortably read out via PC software GMHKonfig and GSOFT3050 or displayed directly at the device:

Set Menu	Press for 2 seconds: The display will show:	will show:	
Set Menu 4	Press several times until this is displayed:		
	Press shortly: switch betwee		
	- CELL = cell correction		
C.rEF = reference value, at which cell correction has been adjusted		e, at which cell correction has been adjusted	
- Display of date+time of data set		f data set	
2 ^{max}	or Change between the different	Change between the different calibration data sets	
Store Quit	Quit calibration data set displa	Quit calibration data set display	

12 Real Time Clock ("CLOC")

The real time clock is used for chronological assignment of the calibration points. Please check the settings when necessary.

13 Accuracy Check / Adjustment Service

You can send the device to the manufacturer for adjustment and inspection.

Calibration certificate - DKD certificate - official certifications:

If the measuring instrument is supposed to receive a calibration certificate, it has to be sent to the manufacturer (declare test points).

If the device is certificated together with a suitable sensor very high overall accuracies are possible.

Basic settings can only be checked and – if necessary – corrected by the manufacturer.

A calibration protocol is enclosed to the device ex works. This documents the precision reached by the production process.

14 Error and System Messages

Error messages to		
	Description	What to do?
No display or	Battery empty	Replace battery
confused characters,	Mains operation: wrong voltage or polarity	Check power supply, replace it if necessary
Device does not	System error	Disconnect battery and power supply, wait shortly then reconnect
react on keypress	Device defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.1	Measured value above allowable range	Check: pressure not within sensor range? -> measuring value to high!
	Sensor defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.2	Measured value below allowable range	Check: pressure not within sensor range? -> measuring value to low!
	Sensor defective	Return to manufacturer for repair
Err.7	System error	Return to manufacturer for repair
L11.7	Value extremely out of measuring range	Value extremely out of measuring range
	Could not calculate display value	
	 measuring range or input range exceeded 	Check range parameter
	measured values are instable	Wait for signal regulation of the device
> CAL < CAL flashing in upper display	Either preset calibration interval has expired or last calibration is not valid	Device has to be calibrated!
Error messages f	or automatic cell correction adjustmer	nt/calibration:
CAL Err.1	Cell correction too high	Determined cell correction must not exceed 1.2
CAL Err.2	Cell correction too small	Determined cell correction must not fall below 0.8
CAL Err.3	Solution of wrong range	Wrong solution / far beyond tolerance
CAL Err.4	Wrong temperature	Beyond permitted temperature: 0.0 - 34.0 °C (or $0.0 - 27.0$ °C at 111.8 mS/cm)

Error messages for measurement

If "**bAt**" is flashing the battery will be exhausted soon. Further measurements are possible for short time. If "bAt" is displayed continuously the battery is ultimately exhausted and has to be replaced. Further measurements aren't possible any more.

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15 Reshipment and Disposal

15.1 Reshipment



All devices returned to the manufacturer have to be free of any residual of measuring media and other hazardous substances. Measuring residuals at housing or sensor may be a risk for persons or environment



Use an adequate transport package for reshipment, especially for fully functional devices. Please make sure that the device is protected in the package by enough packing materials.

15.2 Disposal instructions



Batteries must not be disposed in the regular domestic waste but at the designated collecting points.

The device must not be disposed in the unsorted municipal waste! Send the device directly to us (sufficiently stamped), if it should be disposed. We will dispose the device appropriate and environmentally sound.

16 Speci	fication	
Measuring	Anzahl	5
ranges	Conductivity 1 *)	0,0 200,0 µS/cm
	" 2*)	0 2000 µS/cm
	" 3*)	0,00 20,00 mS/cm
	" 4*)	0,0 200,0 mS/cm
	Resistivity	0,005 100,0 kOhm*cm
	TDS	0,0 1999 mg/l
	Salinity	0,0 70,0 g/kg (PSU)
	Temperature	-5,0 +100,0 °C
		23,0 212,0 °F
Accuracy	Conductivity	±0,5% v.MW ±0,3 % FS bzw. ±2 µs/cm
	Temperature	±0,2 K
Anschlüsse	Conductivity,	Permanently connected mesuring cell
	Temperature	
	Output	Serial interface (3.5mm jack) can be connected to USB or RS232 interface of a PC
		via electrically isolated interface adapter USB3100, USB 3100 N, GRS3100 or
		GRS3105 (see accessories).
Measuring cell		Two-electrode-conductivity-measuring cell with integrated temperature sensor
	Electrode material	
	Schaftmaterial	polysulfon
	Abmessungen	dia. 12 mm, length 120 mm
	Arbeitsumgebung	-5 +80°C (continous) bis +100°C (short-duration)
Display		4 digit 7-segment (main and secondary display) with additional symbols
Additional functions		Min / max / hold
Adjustment/Calibration		Cell correction manually or automatically via selectable reference solution
Housing		Break-proof ABS housing
	Protection class	Front side IP65
	Dimensions	142 x 71 x 26 mm (L x W x H)
	L*W*H [mm]	
Working conditions		-25 to 50 °C; 0 to 95 % RH (non condensing)
Storage temperature		-25 bis 70 °C
Power supply		9V-battery, typ IEC 6F22 (included in scope of supply) or external
	Current	2 mA (Out = Off)
	consumption	
	Battery indicator	Automatically if battery exhausted \triangle and ' bAt '
Auto-Off-Funktion		Device will be automatically switched off if no key is pressed/no interface
		communication takes place for the time of the power-off delay. The power-off delay
		can be set to values between 1and 120 min.; it can be completely deactivated.
EMV		The device corresponds to the essential protection ratings established in the
		Regulations of the Council for the Approximation of Legislation for the member

<1%

countries regarding electromagnetic compatibility (2004/108/EG). Additional fault: